

StarlingX installation report

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1. Installation overview

STX release 10

SW version 24.09

Downloaded from

https://mirror.starlingx.windriver.com/mirror/starlingx/release/latest_release/debian/monolithic/outputs/iso/

We have installed a Central Cloud with a AIO-DX, we have follow this procedure to the installation <u>Link to the guide</u>. With ceph-rook as storage backend.

The central cloud work well and from them we have added an edge cloud from the central with the command:

dcmanager subcloud add

The edge cloud is configured as Standard with controller storage (2 nodes) and workers (2 nodes)

We have followed this guide: Link

Below are the details of the **controller-0** node of our edge cloud environment.

Property	Value
action	none
administrative	unlocked
apparmor	disabled
availability	available
bm_ip	None
bm_type	none
bm_username	None
boot_device	/dev/disk/by-path/pci-0000:18:00.0-scsi-0:2:0:0
capabilities	<pre> {'is_max_cpu_configurable': 'configurable', 'Personality': 'Controller- Active'}</pre>
clock_synchronization	ntp
config_applied	38a91b11-e577-4066-b7d1-bb254f28c138
config_status	Config out-of-date
config_target	b8a91b11-e577-4066-b7d1-bb254f28c138
console	ttyS0,115200
created_at	2025-07-24T18:31:06.169370+00:00
cstates_available	C1,C1E,C6,POLL
device_image_update	None
hostname	controller-0
hw_settle	0
id	
install_output	graphical
install_state	None
install_state_info	None
inv_state	inventoried
invprovision	provisioned
iscsi_initiator_name	iqn.2018-05.io.starlingx:8e99e39e4dcc
location	1 ()
max_cpu_mhz_allowed	None
max_cpu_mhz_configured	None
mgmt_mac	bc:97:e1:af:a5:71
min_cpu_mhz_allowed	None
nvme_host_id	711732e7-6fc1-4a82-bcf5-8794a04e771f
nvme_host_nqn	nqn.2014-08.org.nvmexpress:uuid:44d79654-19d5-4fa5-b79e-3d346a095862
operational	enabled
personality	controller
reboot_needed	False
reserved	False
rootfs_device	/dev/disk/by-path/pci-0000:18:00.0-scsi-0:2:0:0
serialid	None
sw_version	24.09
task	
tboot	
ttys_dcd	False
updated_at	2025-07-30T10:26:18.369884+00:00
uptime	69010
uuid	b67ed04b-928d-4dee-a581-f6a5366d6a6e
vim_progress_status	services-enabled

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2. Storage Backend

2.1. Host-based ceph

After the installation of the edge we have decided to install on the edge the host-based ceph with the 2 OSD on the controller and worker-0 as monitor, as the guide suggest.

During early testing on the edge cloud, we experienced frequent micro-disconnections between the two Ceph OSDs, which led to a degraded cluster state and a high volume of events being generated on the central cloud.

We have ruled out hardware-related issues and router misconfigurations after careful troubleshooting.

On the **controller nodes of the edge cloud**, we observed that the **host-based Ceph version** installed is: *14.2.22* but on the central with rook the version is *18.2.2*

According to the documentation

we noticed that host-based Ceph is deprecated in recent releases, so we decided to move to rook-ceph on the edge cloud.

2.2. Rook-Ceph

Following this, we have reinstalled the whole edge and migrated to **Rook-Ceph**, which was installed successfully.

we installed all the three storage classes that the stx application enable for us with the command:

system storage-backend-add ceph-rook --deployment controller --services block,filesystem,object --confirmed

After thorough testing with Kubernetes, we have not encountered any further issues related to OSD degradation, all the storage classes provided by Kubernetes have been tested.

NAME↑	PROVISIONER	RECLAIMPOLICY
ceph-bucket	rook-ceph.ceph.rook.io/bucket	Delete
cephfs	rook-ceph.cephfs.csi.ceph.com	Delete
general (default)	rook-ceph.rbd.csi.ceph.com	Delete
general (default)	rook-ceph.rou.csi.ceph.com	Detete

After the configuration of the two OSD and additional monitor, the cluster is healty and installed on <u>rook-ceph</u> namespace

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```
health: HEALTH_OK

services:
    mon: 3 daemons, quorum a,b,c (age 29h)
    mgr: a(active, since 29h), standbys: c, b
    mds: 1/1 daemons up, 1 hot standby
    osd: 2 osds: 2 up (since 30h), 2 in (since 30h)
    rgw: 1 daemon active (1 hosts, 1 zones)

data:
    volumes: 1/1 healthy
    pools: 12 pools, 169 pgs
    objects: 535 objects, 258 MiB
    usage: 1.3 GiB used, 4.4 TiB / 4.4 TiB avail
    pgs: 169 active+clean

io:
    client: 1.2 KiB/s rd, 2 op/s rd, 0 op/s wr

ysadmin@controller-0:~$
```

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3. Openstack

The main goal of this testing is to install OpenStack on the StarlingX platform.

After successfully deploying Rook-Ceph and validating its functionality, we proceeded with the

installation of OpenStack on the edge cloud.

We followed all the instructions to correctly configure data network, local volume groups (nova-local) and all the labels on controllers and workers.

While following this guide, we noticed a potential error in one of the labels assigned to the worker nodes.

kubectl taint nodes \$NODE openstack-compute-node:NoSchedule

After all these preliminary stages we have downloaded the last release of openstack from this mirror:

https://mirror.starlingx.windriver.com/mirror/starlingx/release/latest_release/debian/openstack/outputs/helm-charts/

and proceeded with the execution of upload stx command:

system application-upload stx-openstack-24.09-0-debian-stable-latest.tgz

A few minutes later, we encounter an application upload error, with the following message logged in the system log (sysinv):

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We noticed that the get ceph UUID function retrieves the if from the Ceph configuration file (/etc/ceph/ceph.conf).

The file appears as follows:

```
[global]
        # Unique ID for the cluster.
        fsid = %CLUSTER UUID%
        # Public network where the monitor is connected to, i.e, 128.224.0.0/16
        #public network = 127.0.0.1/24
        # For version 0.55 and beyond, you must explicitly enable
        # or disable authentication with "auth" entries in [global].
        auth_cluster_required = cephx
        auth_service_required = cephx
        auth_client_required = cephx
        osd journal size = 1024
        # Uncomment the following line if you are mounting with ext4
        # filestore xattr use omap = true
        # Number of replicas of objects. Write an object 2 times.
        # Cluster cannot reach an active + clean state until there's enough OSDs
        # to handle the number of copies of an object. In this case, it requires
        # at least 2 OSDs
        osd_pool_default_size = 2
        # Allow writing one copy in a degraded state.
        osd_pool_default_min_size = 1
        # Ensure you have a realistic number of placement groups. We recommend
        # approximately 100 per OSD. E.g., total number of OSDs multiplied by 100
        # divided by the number of replicas (i.e., osd pool default size). So for
        # 2 OSDs and osd pool default size = 2, we'd recommend approximately
        # (100 * 2) / 2 = 100.
        osd_pool_default_pg_num = 64
        osd_pool_default_pgp_num = 64
        osd_crush_chooseleaf_type = 1
        setuser match path = /var/lib/ceph/$type/$cluster-$id
        # Override Jewel default of 2 reporters. StarlingX has replication factor 2
        mon osd min down reporters = 1
        # Use Hammer's report interval default value
        osd mon report interval max = 120
```

At the moment we are unable to upload the application and consequently we are unable to apply the application.

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