StarlingX can be configured to use a remote Windows Active Directory server to authenticate users of the Kubernetes API, through the oidc-auth-apps application.

The Kubernetes cluster must first be configured with a few extra parameters for the kube-apiserver. This is done by adding the following to localhost.yml during bootstrap:

 apiserver\_oidc:

 client\_id: stx-oidc-client-app

 issuer\_url: https://<oam-floating-ip>:30556/dex

 username\_claim: email

 groups\_claim: group

The values of the username\_claim and groups\_claim parameters could vary for different user and group configurations within your Windows Active Directory server.

Note that for now, the only way to specify these parameters is through bootstrap. Please make sure to enter the correct values here or a reinstall would be required.

*We probably need to put a short note about this in our Installation Guide, in the bootstrap section, to prevent people from forgetting this if required.*

The oidc-auth-apps application is a system managed application that is packaged in the ISO and uploaded by default. To use the oidc-auth-apps application for authentication, the user must first configure and deploy the oidc-auth-apps application.

Procedure:

1) create a secret with the certificate and key (local-dex.tls) to be used by the oidc-auth-apps as well as a secret with the CA that signed this certificate (dex-client-secret) for the client. The certificate should be signed by a CA trusted by the system. If the certificate is signed by a CA that is not trusted by default, the user can make the system trust the CA by specifying it during bootstrap by specifying ssl\_ca\_cert in localhost.yml, or through "system certificate-install -m ssl\_ca ..." after bootstrap.

( the commands below assume the cert and key pem files for creating these secrets are in /home/sysadmin/ssl/ )

 kubectl create secret tls local-dex.tls --cert=ssl/dex-cert.pem --key=ssl/dex-key.pem -n kube-system

 kubectl create secret generic dex-client-secret --from-file=/home/sysadmin/ssl/dex-ca.pem  -n kube-system

2) specify user overrides for oidc-auth-apps.

 system helm-override-update oidc-auth-apps dex kube-system --values /home/sysadmin/dex-overrides.yaml

The only mandatory section is the "connectors" section. This will vary for different Windows Active Directory deployments. Refer to the upstream dex documentation for this:

 https://github.com/dexidp/dex/blob/master/Documentation/connectors/ldap.md

An example dex-overrides.yaml file:

config:

 connectors:

 - type: ldap

 name: OpenLDAP

 id: ldap

 config:

 host: <windows-active-directory-server-IP>:389

 insecureNoSSL: true

 insecureSkipVerify: true

 bindDN: cn=Administrator,cn=Users,dc=corp,dc=starlingx,dc=com

 bindPW: <windows-active-diretory-administrator-password>

 usernamePrompt: Username

 userSearch:

 baseDN: ou=Users,ou=Sysadmin,dc=corp,dc=starlingx,dc=com

 filter: "(objectClass=user)"

 username: sAMAccountName

 idAttr: sAMAccountName

 emailAttr: sAMAccountName

 nameAttr: displayName

3) apply the application:

 system application-apply oidc-auth-apps

Using the setup

Assuming there is a user called "testuser" set up in the Windows Active Directory deployments

On StarlingX, bind Kubernetes RBAC role(s) to this user; for example, give this user admin privileges by creating the following deployment file and deploy with "kubectl apply -f filename"

 kind: ClusterRoleBinding

 apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1

 metadata:

 name: testuser-rolebinding

 roleRef:

 apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io

 kind: ClusterRole

 name: cluster-admin

 subjects:

 - apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io

 kind: User

 name: testuser

Set up a kubernetes user to authenticate through dex; this can be done locally on controller-0 or remotely on a workstation

 # setup cluster if you haven’t already
 kubectl config set-cluster mystxcluster –server=https://<oam-floating-ip>:6443

 kubectl config set-context testuser@mystxcluster --cluster=mystxcluster --user=testuser

 # put the cert for the CA that signed the dex certificate to ./ssl/dex-ca.pem

 kubectl config set-credentials testuser \
 --auth-provider=oidc \
 --auth-provider-arg=idp-issuer-url=https://<oam-floating-ip>:30556/dex \
 --auth-provider-arg=client-id=stx-oidc-client-app \
 --auth-provider-arg=client-secret=St8rlingX\* \
 --auth-provider-arg=idp-certificate-authority-data=$(base64 -w 0 ./ssl/dex-ca.pem) \
 --auth-provider-arg=extra-scopes="offline\_access openid profile email groups"

**Obtain authentication token via browser**

1. From a browser:

http://*oam-floating-ip-address*:*30555*



Enter username, password and click Login.

The ID token will be displayed as follows:

ID Token:

eyJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiIsImtpZCI6IjkwYTcyYmIwZTRjNTJhZDhiNGYxMmYxNzc3NTVmNDdmODc5M2ZkYTAifQ.eyJpc3MiOiJodHRwczovLzEwLjEwLjEwLjM6MzA1NTYvZGV4Iiwic3ViIjoiQ2dkbmQyRnBibVZ6RWdSc1pHRnciLCJhdWQiOiJzdHgtb2lkYy1jbGllbnQtYXBwIiwiZXhwIjoxNTgwODQ4NTkzLCJpYXQiOjE1ODA3NjIxOTMsImF0X2hhc2giOiJNU0YtNDBpOWVuM1QyVjdUMWdSZW5RIiwiZW1haWwiOiJnd2FpbmVzIiwiZW1haWxfdmVyaWZpZWQiOnRydWUsIm5hbWUiOiJHcmVnb3J5IEEuIFdhaW5lcyJ9.oNIabUhd5wx3tFCIuewtzsbYfx1OsrGXtEUEPL0l5Y944WE2c1HP6YUHWxvYTMw1\_Ldl-jx-koiYbiE8Eztgy9anfJqclUFa6xlxP666Z7AYxndsULylqzfT0dvySaddIEEYDffx7aH6g7q2PKZjMHFierRyqmCu8WTPRSNy3NymLmQaGGjUmFHqbvpEBgg\_ytpsDgbRIpk1EbyP63l79hBNlRvcffTRLi3LYYRaJLgSbx2tha43OX5rKxylF\_GrzZHaqxxT6MjIHKHagUrcqa054RwPWUHKyV26ErkMg6gN5uyMm462UtnW7jJucYrWBpbaWaj0U0OTWv\_1NnKlJw

Access Token:

jwcj46v3vmumpixr54wbyrstf

Claims:

{

  "iss": "<https://10.10.10.3:30556/dex>",

  "sub": "Cgdnd2FpbmVzEgRsZGFw",

  "aud": "stx-oidc-client-app",

  "exp": 1580848593,

  "iat": 1580762193,

  "at\_hash": "MSF-40i9en3T2V7T1gRenQ",

  "email": "user",

  "email\_verified": true,

  "name": "Username"

}

1. Set Kubernetes credential with the above ID token

~(keystone\_admin)]$ TOKEN=<ID token string>

~(keystone\_admin)]$ kubectl config setcredentials testuser --token $TOKEN

1. Switch to the context for this user

~(keystone\_admin)]$ kubectl config use-context testuser@mystxcluster

run "kubectl get pods --all-namespaces", this should be successful because we are now authenticated.